

Strategy for Digital Transformation and Work-based Learning in VET-Schools in Homa Bay

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Agenda

Introduction

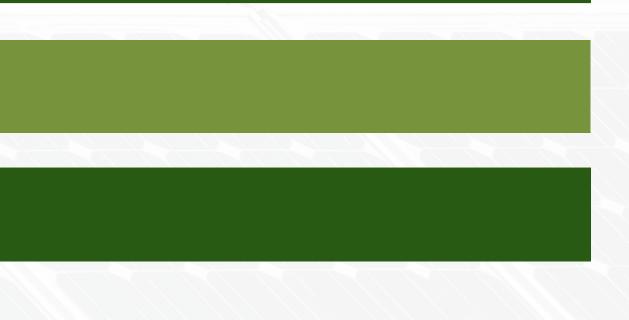
Challenges in Homa-Bay

Initial Analysis for Digital Transformation & Work-Based Learning

Suggested Strategy

Conclusions





Introduction

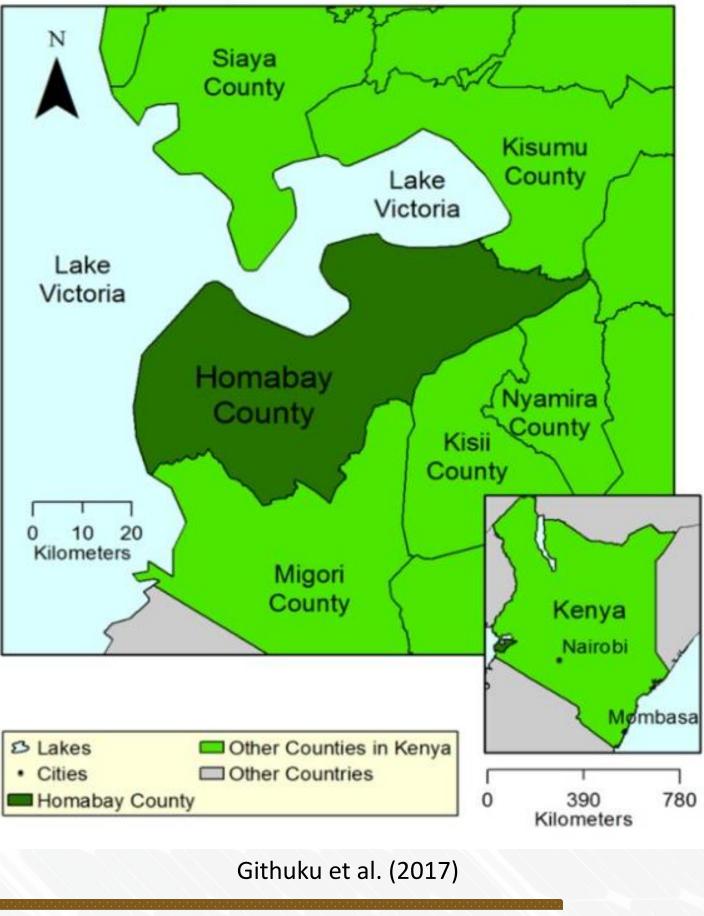
- 3-year Erasmus+ CBVET project (DEVISE4KE)
- 4 countries (Germany, Ireland, Spain, Kenya)
- Period: 11.2023 10.2026

Research Questions:

- 1. What are the digital competences of students and teachers in Homa-Bay?
- 2. What competences do local companies want in their workforce (technical, transversal and digital competences)?
- 3. How can student competences be promoted through (digital supported) learning and work tasks?
- 4. How should digital training be designed to build on existing teacher competences?



Homabay County in Kenya



Challenges for Schools in Homa Bay

Infrastructure Deficits

ICT-Infrastructure Energy Supply



New Curricula

Implementation Challenges **Resource-Intensive**



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Lack of Integration **Missing Partnerships**



Lack of Work-Based Training

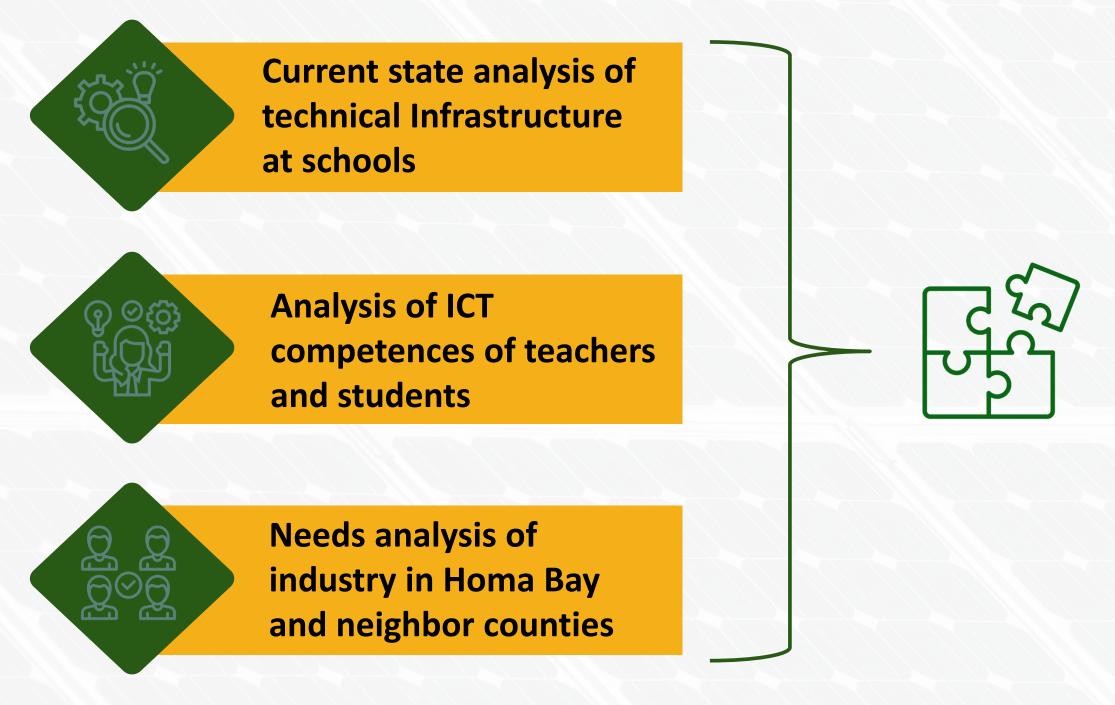


Insufficient Teacher Training

Inadequate Training **Professional Development Resource Constraints**



Initial Analysis for Digital Transformation and Work-Based Learning in VET Schools in Homa Bay







Digital Teaching Strategy for ICT and WBL



Current State Analysis of Participating Schools in Homa-Bay

School	Number of Students	Male Students	Female Students	Number of Teachers	Trained ICT Teachers
Kiabuya Mixed Secondary School	311	48%	52%	17	0
Miramba Mixed Secondary School	167	54%	46%	7	1
St. Joseph Olando Mixed Secondary School	124	58%	42%	10	0

Technical Infrastructure (all schools):

- No power supply /no electricity
- No ICT-Equipment at all





Analysis of Participating Schools in Homa Bay





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Photovoltaic Infrastructure for Planned ICT-Equipment Per School

Expected Energy Production

We estimate, based on an average of 5.27 hours of sunshine per day, to produce:

839.32 kWh per month

Photovoltaic Infrastructure

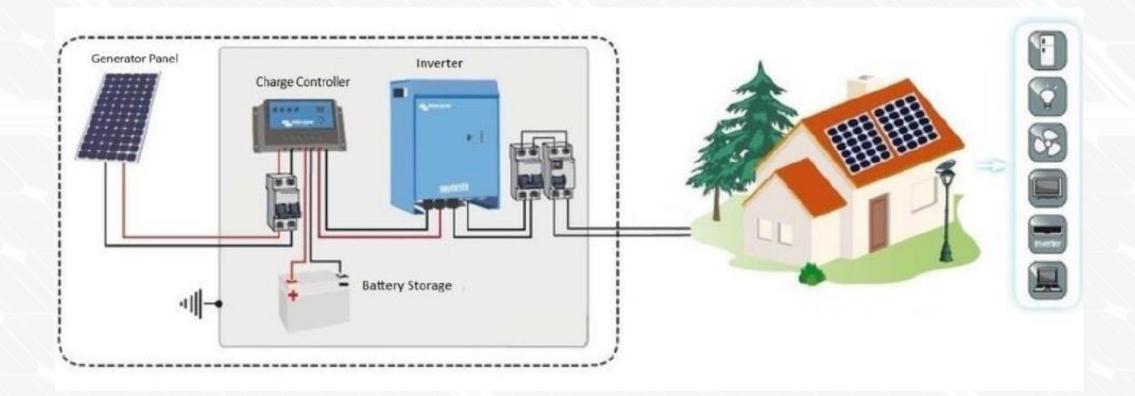
• 12 6.7 kW solar panels



Permanent energy supply for ICT equipment



Lights for 5 classrooms and 4 security lights for corridors



- Server, Intranet



Planned ICT Equipment:

25 student working spaces + equipment to enable collaboration: • Raspberry Pi, Tablets, Projector,

Schools Digital Skills Survey in Homa Bay

Students	Teachers
247	23

- Teachers have more access to technology
- Therefore, they are more proficient
- Inconsistencies in some results
- Vast majority of students do not have access to or know how to use digital technology
- Provides a way forward for a Digital T&L strategy







Survey Results for Teachers in Homa Bay

Access to Digital Devices

Teachers who own a smai	tphone
Kiabuya	25%
St Joseph Olando	29%
Miramba	25%

Teachers whose families own a smartphone	
Kiabuya	50%
St Joseph Olando	64%
Miramba	57%





Survey Results for Teachers

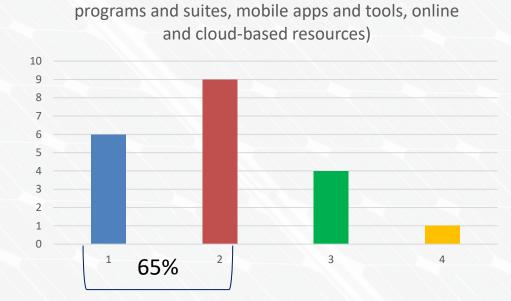
	Digital Competences	
8 hours	Search Engines and Online Skills (efficiency)	81
WhatsApp, Facebook, Chrome	Know how to identify online info sources	81
Messages, calls, browsing/searching	Aware that some online info is false	83
88.3%		
	<section-header><section-header><section-header><text></text></section-header></section-header></section-header>	8 hours WhatsApp, Facebook, Chrome Messages, calls, browsing/searching Search Engines and Online Skills (efficiency) Know how to identify online info sources Aware that some online info is false

Believe that digital skills will help them in the 83.7% job market

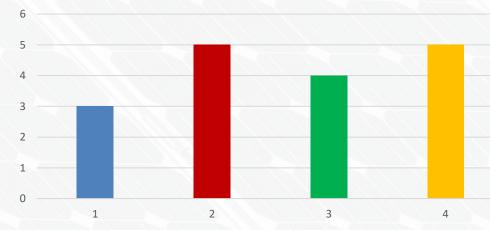




Sample Survey Results for Teachers



I am aware that digital technologies can support and enhance teaching and learning (e.g. software I know how to use digital technologies for captureing students learning, processes and outcomes (e.g. digital quizzes, online polls, forms, assessment platforms)



I know learning activities and resources that can enhance students' information and data literacy (e.g.searching for digital information, evaluating information found, reading graphs, creating and understanding data)



I know learning learning activities that encourage students to express themselves through digital means (e.g. in the form of text, photos, images, presentations)



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Initial Industry Analysis in Homa-Bay

Number of Companies

10

3 Areas of Research Interest

- Transversal skills of employees
- Digital competences of employees (DigiComp)
- Human Ressource Development

Research Methods

- Semi-structured interviews (qualitative content analysis based on Kuckartz 2020)
- Standardized questionnaires (4-point Likert scale)





Type of Industry

Commerce, IT, Tourism, Wheat Mill



Importance of Transversal Skills for Companies in Homa Bay

Standardised questionnaires (4-point Likert scale)

Transversal Skill

Collaborative problem-solving

Learning to learn, continuing to learn

Adaptability

Initiative and independent thinking

Cultural awareness and expression

Whittemore 2018





Percentage of Votes

80%	
80%	
70%	
70%	
70%	

Importance of Digital Competences (based on DigiComp)

Percentage of Companies

Information and Data Literacy 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% Problem Solving (Digital Tasks) 20% 10% 0% Safety and Data Protection





Digital Communication and Colaboration

Digital Content Creation

Assessment of Company Human Resource Development in Homa Bay

Semi-structured interviews (qualitative content analysis based on Kuckartz 2020)

Current and future needs of employee		Desired skills to be taught in educational institution	
competences		IT skills	60%
Collaborative problem-solving	80%	Communication skills	40%
Learning to learn, continuing to learn	80%		
Digital competences	80%	Challenges in human ress	ource development
Adaptability	70%	Personal resources	60%
		Lack of motivation	50%
Impact of digital transformation on companies		Time contraints	30%

Impact of digital transformation on companies			
Improved visibility	50%		
Need for digital	30%		
trainings for employees			





Suggested Digital Teaching and Learning Strategy

- School and Company Survey Results
- Resources and Equipment

DigiComp Framework Professional Development

- Mindset Change
- Course development
- Skills development
- Exposure to LWT

Compared against SAMR, TPACK, DigCompEdu, etc.





 Teachers to create and run their own Learning and Work Tasks (LWTs) for their students

Build Capacity

Conclusions

- There's a huge need for digital competences in rural Kenya.
- A number of issues need to be tackled:
 - a) A reliable power supply
 - b) Access to low-energy devices
 - Mindset change for teachers to use devices for teaching/learning **C**)
 - Knowledge-building for digital-led didactics and content-creation d)
 - Better link to industry-required competences (e.g. LWTs) e)
 - **f**) **Capacity-building element**
- Sustainability and self-sufficiency









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Occupational Spheres of Activity

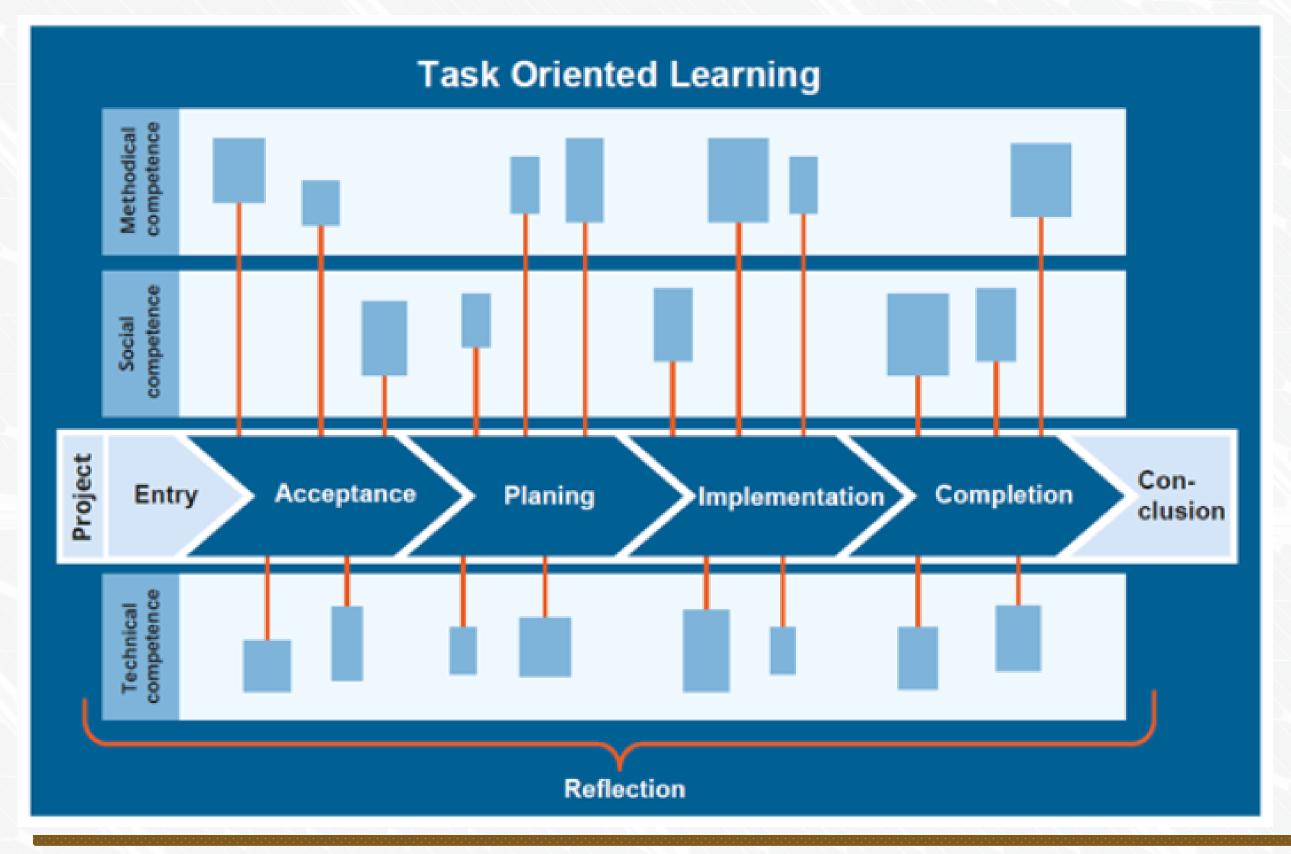


Fig. 9: Training mission statement: process orientation with systematic reflection on the subject





Learning and Work Tasks (LWTs)





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LWTs are a proven didacticmethodical concept for a work process-oriented, project-based and possibly also cross-learning location vocational training (Howe 2017)